

# हिमालयन लाइफ इन्स्योरेन्स लिमिटेड HIMALAYAN LIFE INSURANCE LIMI

मनकामना मार्ग, हातिसार, काठमाडौं, फोन : ०१-५५७००५७, पो.ब.नं. : १५८७८ इमेल : info@himalayanlife.com.np, Website: www.himalayanlife.com.np

### Quarterly Financial Results for 4th Quarter, F.Y. 2080/81 B.S.

Unaudited	CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION							
Unaudited	AS ON ASI	180 31, 2081	Fig in NPR.					
At the end of this Quarter  Assets:  Goodwill & Intangible Assets								
Assets:	Particulars	At the end of this	At the end of Immediate					
Goodwill & Intangible Assets   16,751,089   16,268,5								
Property and Equipment   808,629,477   514,851;     Investment Properties   -   -       Deferred Tax Assets   61,274,548   38,111,4     Investment in Subsidiaries   -       Investment in Associates   -       Investment in Associates   -       Investments   65,380,659,923   52,914,820,0     Loans   7,003,759,644   5,717,328,0     Reinsurance Assets   -       Current Tax Assets   1,800,340,968   1,699,287,1     Insurance Receivables   524,313,255   390,627,1     Other Assets   52,011,191   505,641,5     Other Financial Assets   1,305,082,842   453,584,8     Cash and Cash Equivalent   544,831,964   800,652,0     Total Assets   77,497,654,899   63,051,172,4     Equity                       Share Capital   8,020,383,602   8,020,383,6     Share Application Money Pending Allotment   -               Share Premium   -	Assets:							
Investment Properties	Goodwill & Intangible Assets	16,751,089	16,268,553					
Deferred Tax Assets   61,274,548   38,111,4     Investment in Subsidiaries	Property and Equipment	808,629,477	514,851,188					
Investment in Subsidiaries	Investment Properties	-	-					
Investment in Associates	Deferred Tax Assets	61,274,548	38,111,814					
Investments	Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-					
Loans	Investment in Associates	-	-					
Reinsurance Assets	Investments	65,380,659,923	52,914,820,000					
Current Tax Assets         1,800,340,968         1,699,287/8           Insurance Receivables         524,313,255         390,627,5           Other Assets         52,011,191         505,641,5           Other Financial Assets         1,305,082,842         453,584,8           Cash and Cash Equivalent         544,831,964         800,652,0           Total Assets         77,497,654,899         63,051,172,5           Equity:         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,602           Share Capital         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,602           Share Application Money Pending Allotment         -         -           Share Premium         -         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,5           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,6           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         - </td <td>Loans</td> <td>7,003,759,644</td> <td>5,717,328,000</td>	Loans	7,003,759,644	5,717,328,000					
Insurance Receivables   524,313,255   390,627,5     Other Assets   52,011,191   505,641,5     Other Financial Assets   1,305,082,842   453,584,8     Cash and Cash Equivalent   544,831,964   800,652,0     Total Assets   77,497,654,899   63,051,172,5     Equity:	Reinsurance Assets	-						
Other Assets         52,011,191         505,641,8           Other Financial Assets         1,305,082,842         453,584,8           Cash and Cash Equivalent         544,831,964         800,652,0           Total Assets         77,497,654,899         63,051,172,8           Equity:         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,6           Share Capital         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,6           Share Application Money Pending Allotment         -         -           Share Premium         -         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,5           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         -         -           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,4           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities	Current Tax Assets	1,800,340,968	1,699,287,031					
Other Financial Assets         1,305,082,842         453,584,8           Cash and Cash Equivalent         544,831,964         800,652,0           Total Assets         77,497,654,899         63,051,172,1           Equity:         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,6           Share Capital         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,6           Share Premium         -         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,5           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         -         -           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,4           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Insurance Receivables	524,313,255	390,627,520					
Cash and Cash Equivalent         544,831,964         800,652,0           Total Assets         77,497,654,899         63,051,172,1           Equity:         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,6           Share Capital         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,6           Share Application Money Pending Allotment         -           Share Premium         -         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,5           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         -         -           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,4           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Other Assets	52,011,191	505,641,557					
Total Assets         77,497,654,899         63,051,172,1           Equity:         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,6           Share Capital         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,6           Share Application Money Pending Allotment         -           Share Premium         -         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,5           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,4           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Other Financial Assets	1,305,082,842	453,584,850					
Equity:         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,602           Share Capital         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,602           Share Application Money Pending Allotment         -           Share Premium         -         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,8           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,4           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Cash and Cash Equivalent	544,831,964	800,652,000					
Share Capital         8,020,383,602         8,020,383,602           Share Application Money Pending Allotment         -           Share Premium         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,8           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,4           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Total Assets	77,497,654,899	63,051,172,513					
Share Application Money Pending Allotment         -           Share Premium         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,8           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,6           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Equity:							
Share Premium         -           Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,5           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,6           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Share Capital	8,020,383,602	8,020,383,602					
Catastrophe Reserves         434,831,938         446,540,0           Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,5           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,4           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	-	-					
Retained Earnings         1,421,325,392         744,480,8           Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,5           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,4           Current Tax Liabilities         -         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Share Premium	-	-					
Other Equity         252,501,500         319,063,8           Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,8           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Catastrophe Reserves	434,831,938	446,540,000					
Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,9           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Retained Earnings	1,421,325,392	744,480,800					
Total Equity         10,129,042,431         9,530,468,0           Liabilities:         -           Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,9           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Other Equity	252,501,500	319,063,598					
Provisions         236,531,275         138,950,0           Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,9           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0		10,129,042,431	9,530,468,000					
Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,9           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Liabilities:							
Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities         64,546,261,074         52,123,166,0           Deferred Tax Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,9           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Provisions	236,531,275	138,950,000					
Deferred Tax Liabilities         -           Insurance Payable         561,571,100         184,603,9           Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities	64,546,261,074	52,123,166,000					
Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0	Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-					
Current Tax Liabilities         -           Borrowings         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0		561,571,100	184,603,513					
Borrowings         -           Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0		-	-					
Other Liabilities         690,444,475         104,797,0           Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0		-	-					
Other Financial Liabilities         1,333,804,542         969,188,0		690,444,475	104,797,000					
	Other Financial Liabilities		969,188,000					
Total Liabilities   67,368,612,467   53,520,704,8	Total Liabilities	67,368,612,467	53,520,704,513					
	Total Equity and Liabilities		63,051,172,513					

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS For the Quarter Ended Ashad 31, 2081							
				Fig in NPR.			
Particulars	Curre	nt Year	<b>Corresponding Previous Year</b>				
Farticulars	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)			
Income:							
Gross Earned Premiums	4,275,895,129	16,607,234,029	3,596,780,656	14,949,925,386			
Premiums Ceded	(106,900,926)	(415,184,399)	(111,058,299)	(373,748,230)			
Net Earned Premiums	4,168,994,203	16,192,049,630	3,485,722,358	14,576,177,156			
Commission Income	-	-	-	-			
Other Direct Income	18,059,178	81,733,802	(26,291,928)	78,636,038			
Interest Income on Loan to Policyholders	317,653,098	800,280,223	75,296,083	422,379,482			
Income from Investments and Loans	1,478,271,571	5,604,592,544	1,376,597,826	4,993,011,740			
Net Gain/(Loss) on Fair Value Changes	-	-	-	-			
Net Realised Gains/(Losses)	-	-	-	-			
Other Income	3,457,688	4,110,398	11,475,289	11,535,059			
Total Income	5,986,435,738	22,682,766,597	4,922,799,628	20,081,739,474			
Expenses:							
Gross Benefits and Claims Paid	1,432,063,221	5,994,045,270	1,344,201,726	5,628,239,839			
Claims Ceded	(22,030,351)	(139,167,879)	(6,535,000)	(175,794,051)			
Gross Change in Contract Liabilities	3,436,308,415	12,962,576,527	2,532,487,053	10,577,332,878			
Change in Contract Liabities Ceded to Reinsurers	-	-	-	-			
Net Benefits and Claims Paid	4,846,341,286	18,817,453,918	3,870,153,779	16,029,778,666			
Commission Expenses	387,312,700	1,385,445,425	350,877,246	1,416,524,698			
Service Fees	31,268,600	121,441,515	34,857,186	145,761,772			
Other Direct expenses	-	-	(215,910)	-			
Employee Benefits Expenses	240,242,639	884,337,007	322,993,783	997,056,012			
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	62,645	46,681,184	(2,160,913)	45,807,131			
Impairment Losses	(80,109,565)	72,914,304	44,275,960	100,215,954			
Other Operating Expenses	362,888,340	720,634,362	253,957,493	822,865,380			
Finance Cost	-	-	-	2,434,822			
Total Expenses	5,788,006,645	22,048,907,716	4,874,738,624	19,560,444,435			
Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year Before Share of Net Profits of Associates Accounted for Using Equity Method and Tax	198,429,093	633,858,881	48,061,004	521,295,040			
Share of Net Profit of Associates accounted using Equity Method	-	-	-	-			
Profit Before Tax	198,429,093	633,858,881	48,061,004	521,295,040			
Income Tax Expenses	-	-	-	-			
Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year	198,429,093	633,858,881	48,061,004	521,295,040			
Earning Per Share							
Basic EPS		7.90		6.50			

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Quarter Ended Ashad 31, 2081								
Fig in NPR.								
Particulars	Current Year Corresponding Previous							
raiticulais	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)				
Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year	198,429,093	633,858,881	48,061,004	521,295,040				
Other Comprehensive Income	(220,387,921)	(103,994,131)						
Total Comprehensive Income	(21,958,828)	522,613,578	53,311,393	417,300,908				

7.90

Diluted EPS

OTHER DETAILS								
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year						
Particulars	Upto this Quarter (YTD)	Upto this Quarter (YTD)						
1. Total inforce Policy count	417,224	578,953						
2. First Year Premium (Including Single)	2,592,245,550	2,305,350,942						
3. Single Premium	151,366,702	170,922,338						
4. Renewal Premium	14,014,988,479	12,644,574,444						
5. Total Benefits and Claims Paid in Count	14,031	10,125						
6. Outstanding Benefits and Claims in Count	140	74						
7. Declared Bonus rate Per Thausand (2078/79)	19-90	19-90						
8. Interim bonus rate Per Thausand	19-90	19-90						
9. Long Term Investments (Amount)	51,581,159,925	46,078,224,087						
10. Short Term Investments (Amount)	13,799,500,000	6,836,595,913						

# PUBLISHED AS PER ANNEXURE 14 OF RULE 26 OF SUB RULE (1) OF SECURITIES REGISTRATION AND ISSUE REGULATION, 2073 **FOURTH QUARTER OF FINANCIAL YEAR 2080/81**

#### 1. Financial Statements

- a) The Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, and other details of fourth quarter of F.Y. 2080/81 have been published in this national daily newspaper.
- b) Major Financial Indicators:

Earnings per Share: Rs.7.90	Net Worth Per Share: 126.29
P/E Ratio: 49.47	Total Assets per Share: 966.26

#### 2. Management Analysis:

- a) Company's revenue, earnings and liquidity situation in the quarter: Satisfactory

Analytical Details regarding the business plan of the management for the next period:
The company has planned to increase its market share by increasing its penetration in new geographical markets. The company has planned to develop innovation insurance plans to meet the requirement of the society. The company has also planned to increase its agency network to increase its market share and also promote insurance business through various training and awareness programs. The company has also planned for technology advancement to increase efficiency and customer service.

#### 3. Details of Legal Proceedings:

There are no cases filed by or against the company.

#### **Analysis of Share Transaction of the company:**

- Opinion of the management regarding the share transactions of the company in the securities market: Satisfactory
- b) Details of the Maximum, Minimum, Last price, Total transaction days and Transaction volume of the company in the quarter:

Maximum Price: 420.00	Minimum Price: 364.10	Close Price: 391.00
Transaction Volume: 27,144	Transaction Days: 61	

#### 5. Problems and Challenges:

The strategy of the management for solving the company's internal and external problems and challenges: At present the lack of adequate human resources, lack of long-term investment opportunities, increasing competition in the market have been the main challenges for the company. The company has prepared proper business plans and strategies to grow the company's business

#### 6. Corporate Good Governance:

Details of the actions taken by the management for enhancing the Corporate Good Governance: The company has fully complied with the corporate good governance directive 2080 issued by Nepal Insurance Authority. The company is continuously monitoring the compliance with the corporate good governance directive with the help of its comprehensive manuals and regulations. The Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Senior Management and Compliance Officer are committed to upholding Corporate good governance practices in the company.

#### Self-Declaration of Chief Executive Officer about the truthfulness of financials/information:

I, CEO of the company, take responsibility on the truthfulness of the information and particulars disclosed in this report to the best of my knowledge. Further, I declare that the particulars mentioned in the report, to the best of my knowledge, are true, fair and complete except as mentioned in the notes at the time of publication of this report and have not knowingly concealed any material particulars information for the investor to take informed decisions.

# Notes:

- Himalayan Life Insurance Limited has been formed by the merger of erstwhile Prime Life Insurance Company Limited, Union Life Insurance Company Limited, and Gurans Life Insurance Company Limited.
- The presented financial statements have been prepared as per Financial Directive 2080 issued by the regulator which requires preparation of financial statements based on NFRS. This has caused regrouping, rearrangement different presentation and have impact on the reported figures of already published financial statements.
- Figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever required.
- Above figures are unaudited and subject to change after finalization of audit.
- Total enforce policies count and issued policies include individual life, micro and group insurance policies.
- Information from FE Pool for 4th Quarter of fiscal year 2080/81 hence not incorporated in financial statement and will be updated in final Audited Financial Statements.

# Disclosure as per Section 84(3) of Insurance Act, 2079

- Solvency Ratio: The Company (Former Prime Life, Former Gurans Life and Former Union Life) has maintained solvency ratio of 3.95, 2.76 and 3.03 without cost of bonus and 2.37, 1.93 and 1.66 with cost of bonus respectively for the Fiscal Year 2078/79 as approved by the Nepal Insurance Authority.
- Reinsurance: The Company has made adequate reinsurance arrangement including catastrophic reinsurance arrangement with Himalayan Re and Nepal Re to cover the risk from the class of its business.
- Details regarding legal proceedings: There are no cases filed by or against the company
- Corporate Governance: Company has complied Corporate Governance Directive issued by Nepal Insurance Authority.
- Regulatory Limit on Expenses Ratio: The Current Management expense ratio is 10.10% with respect to Total Premium Collection, Similarly, for the previous year corresponding quarter ending the expenses ratio is 12.84% of TPI.
- 6. Note: Detailed interim financial statement is published in company's website: www.himalayanlife.com.np.

# Notes to the Interim Financial Statements for the guarter ended Aasadh 31, 2081 (July 15, 2024)

Himalayan Life Insurance Limited is incorporated under the laws of Nepal. Himalayan Life Insurance Limited has been formed by the merger of erstwhile Prime Life Insurance Company Limited, Union Life Insurance Company Limited and Gurans Life Insurance Company Limited.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

Condensed financial statements for the period is prepared in accordance with Insurer's Financial Statement related Directive 2080, Quarterly Financial Statement related circular 2080 issued by Nepal Insurance Authority, Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) published by Accounting Standards Board, Nepal (ASB Nepal) and pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN).

#### ent of Compliance

Condensed financial Statements of the Company comprises of Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and Statement of Other Comprehensive Income shown as two separate statements, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss and Notes to the Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) issued by the Nepal Accounting Standards Board (ASB) and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2006, directives and circular issued by Nepal Insurance Authority. The format used in the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements and disclosures made therein also complies with the specified formats prescribed in the directives of Nepal Insurance Authority. The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The term NFRS, includes all the standards and the related interpretations which are

# **Reporting Period**

6.50

The Company reporting period is as below - Condensed Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Changes in Equity - As at the end of Quarter (31 Aasadh, 2081) with comparative period as preceding year (Aasadh end, 2080). Condensed Statement of Profit or Loss, Statement of other comprehensive income, Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss - From Shrawan 1, 2080 to Aasadh 31, 2081 with corresponding previous quarter.

#### Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following Assets & Liabilities which have been measured at Fair Value amount.

#### Himalayan Life Insurance Limited Manakamana Marg, Hattisar, Kathmandu, Contact No. 01-4441414

#### Quarterly Financial Results for 4th Quarter, F.Y. 2080/81 B.S CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As on Ashad 31, 2081

		Fig in NPR.		
	Unaudited	Unaudited		
Particulars	At the end of this Quarter	At the end of Immediate Previous Year		
Assets:				
Goodwill & Intangible Assets	16,751,089	16,268,553		
Property and Equipment	808,629,477	514,851,188		
Investment Properties	-	-		
Deferred Tax Assets	61,274,548	38,111,814		
Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-		
Investment in Associates	-	-		
Investments	65,380,659,923	52,914,820,000		
Loans	7,003,759,644	5,717,328,000		
Reinsurance Assets	-			
Current Tax Assets	1,800,340,968	1,699,287,031		
Insurance Receivables	524,313,255	390,627,520		
Other Assets	52,011,191	505,641,557		
Other Financial Assets	1,305,082,842	453,584,850		
Cash and Cash Equivalent	544,831,964	800,652,000		
Total Assets	77,497,654,899	63,051,172,513		
Equity:				
Share Capital	8,020,383,602	8,020,383,602		
Share Application Money Pending Allotment	-	-		
Share Premium	-	-		
Catastrophe Reserves	434,831,938	446,540,000		
Retained Earnings	1,421,325,392	744,480,800		
Other Equity	252,501,500	319,063,598		
Total Equity	10,129,042,431	9,530,468,000		
Liabilities:				
Provisions	236,531,275	138,950,000		
Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities	64,546,261,074	52,123,166,000		
Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-		
Insurance Payable	561,571,100	184,603,513		
Current Tax Liabilities	-	-		
Borrowings	-	-		
Other Liabilities	690,444,475	104,797,000		
Other Financial Liabilities	1,333,804,542	969,188,000		
Total Liabilities	67,368,612,467	53,520,704,513		
Total Equity and Liabilities	77,497,654,899	63,051,172,513		

# CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS For the Quarter Ended Ashad 31, 2081

Fig in NPR.

			Fig in NPR.	
Curren	t Year	Corresponding Previous Year		
This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)	
4,275,895,129	16,607,234,029	3,596,780,656	14,949,925,386	
(106,900,926)	(415,184,399)	(111,058,299)	(373,748,230)	
4,168,994,203	16,192,049,630	3,485,722,358	14,576,177,156	
-	-	-	-	
18,059,178	81,733,802	(26,291,928)	78,636,038	
317,653,098	800,280,223	75,296,083	422,379,482	
1,478,271,571	5,604,592,544	1,376,597,826	4,993,011,740	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
3,457,688	4,110,398	11,475,289	11,535,059	
5,986,435,738	22,682,766,597	4,922,799,628	20,081,739,474	
1,432,063,221	5,994,045,270	1,344,201,726	5,628,239,839	
(22,030,351)	(139,167,879)	(6,535,000)	(175,794,051)	
3,436,308,415	12,962,576,527	2,532,487,053	10,577,332,878	
-	-	-	-	
4,846,341,286	18,817,453,918	3,870,153,779	16,029,778,666	
	This Quarter  4,275,895,129 (106,900,926) 4,168,994,203  - 18,059,178 317,653,098 1,478,271,571  - 3,457,688 5,986,435,738  1,432,063,221 (22,030,351) 3,436,308,415	This Quarter (YTD)  4,275,895,129	This Quarter         Upto this Quarter (YTD)         This Quarter           4,275,895,129         16,607,234,029         3,596,780,656           (106,900,926)         (415,184,399)         (111,058,299)           4,168,994,203         16,192,049,630         3,485,722,358           -         -         -           18,059,178         81,733,802         (26,291,928)           317,653,098         800,280,223         75,296,083           1,478,271,571         5,604,592,544         1,376,597,826           -         -         -           3,457,688         4,110,398         11,475,289           5,986,435,738         22,682,766,597         4,922,799,628           1,432,063,221         5,994,045,270         1,344,201,726           (22,030,351)         (139,167,879)         (6,535,000)           3,436,308,415         12,962,576,527         2,532,487,053	

Commission Expenses	387,312,700	1,385,445,425	350,877,246	1,416,524,698
Service Fees	31,268,600	121,441,515	34,857,186	145,761,772
Other Direct expenses	-	-	(215,910)	-
Employee Benefits Expenses	240,242,639	884,337,007	322,993,783	997,056,012
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	62,645	46,681,184	(2,160,913)	45,807,131
Impairment Losses	(80,109,565)	72,914,304	44,275,960	100,215,954
Other Operating Expenses	362,888,340	720,634,362	253,957,493	822,865,380
Finance Cost	=	-	-	2,434,822
Total Expenses	5,788,006,645	22,048,907,716	4,874,738,624	19,560,444,435
Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year Before Share of Net				
Profits of Associates Accounted for Using Equity	198,429,093	633,858,881	48,061,004	521,295,040
Method and Tax				
Share of Net Profit of Associates accounted using				
Equity Method	-	-	-	-
Profit Before Tax	198,429,093	633,858,881	48,061,004	521,295,040
Income Tax Expenses	-	-	-	-
Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year	198,429,093	633,858,881	48,061,004	521,295,040
Earning Per Share				
Basic EPS		7.90		6.50
Diluted EPS		7.90		6.50

# CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Quarter Ended Ashad 31, 2081

Fig in NPR. **Current Year Corresponding Previous Year** Particulars Upto this Quarter Upto this Quarter This Quarter This Quarter (YTD) (YTD) 198,429,093 48,061,004 Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year 633,858,881 521,295,040 (220,387,921) (111,245,304) 5,250,389 (103,994,131) Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Income (21,958,828) 522,613,578 53,311,393 417,300,908

#### OTHER DETAILS

	Current Year	Previous Year
Particulars	Upto this Quarter	Upto this Quarter
	(YTD)	(YTD)
1. Total inforce Policy count	417,224	578,953
2. First Year Premium (Including Single)	2,592,245,550	2,305,350,942
3. Single Premium	151,366,702	170,922,338
4. Renewal Premium	14,014,988,479	12,644,574,444
5. Total Benefits and Claims Paid in Count	14,031	10,125
6. Outstanding Benefits and Claims in Count	140	74
7. Declared Bonus rate (2078/79)	19-90	19-90
8. Interim bonus rate	19-90	19-90
9. Long Term Investments (Amount)	51,581,159,925	46,078,224,087
10. Short Term Investments (Amount)	13,799,500,000	6,836,595,913

#### Himalayan Life Insurance Limited Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended Ashad 31, 2081 (For The Year Ended July 15, 2024)

Fig. in NPR

	Current Year	Previous Year
Cash Flow From Operating Actvities:		
Cash Received		
Income From Insurance Premium	16,607,234,029	14,949,925,386
Income From Late Fee	-	-
Income From Re-Insurance Premium	-	-
Income From Re-Insurance Commission	-	-
Other Direct Income	81,733,802	78,636,038
Claim Recovery From Re-Insurers	139,167,879	104,574,998
Cash Paid		
Payment of Re-Insurance Premium	(76,527,630)	(86,064,385)
Payment of Re-Insurance Commission	-	-
Payment of Agent Commission	(1,226,499,686)	(2,650,930,502)
Payment of Medical Fees	(9,151,736)	(6,950,049)
Payment of Death Claims	(326,736,591)	(446,672,292)
Payment of Maturity Claims	(961,672,256)	(302,040,609)
Payment of Periodical Claims	(3,490,945,213)	(3,670,016,347)
Payment of Surrender Claims	(1,030,484,451)	(939,133,956)
Payment of Other Claims	(184,206,759)	(94,582,584)
Payment of Service Charge Payment of Other Direct Expenses	(128,250,495)	(157,271,651)
Payment of Management Expenses  Payment of Management Expenses	(1,461,084,909)	(9,363,900)
Payment of Staff Bonus	(60,988,198)	(1,398,210,054) (89,249,562)
·	(00,988,198)	(09,249,302)
Payment of Income Taxes	-	-
Decrease/(Increase) in Current Assets	(772,313,109)	(226,797,306)
Increase/(Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(446,956,388)	(228,783,882)
Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities [1]	6,652,318,288	4,827,069,343
Cash Flow From Investing Activities		
Decrease/(Increase) in Intangible Assets	(3,748,775)	-
Decrease/(Increase) in Property, Plant & Equipment	(19,954,628)	(355,620,645)
Decrease/(Increase) in Investment Properties	-	-
Decrease/(Increase) in Investments in Subsidiaries	-	-
Decrease/(Increase) in Investments in Associates	-	-
Decrease/(Increase) in Government Securities	-	<u> </u>
Decrease/(Increase) in Fixed Deposit of Banks & Financial Institutions	(7,962,900,000)	(6,695,500,000)
Decrease/(Increase) in Investment of Equity Shares	(3,773,082,806)	(294,456,748)
Decrease/(Increase) in Investment of Preference Shares/Debenture  Decrease/(Increase) in Other Investment	(681,052,000)	(1,227,008,000) 263,547,436
Decrease/(Increase) in Coner investment  Decrease/(Increase) in Loan against Insurance Policies	(217,596,687)	(1,537,723,575)
Decrease/(Increase) in Other Loans & Advances	47,950,586	71,543,743
Interest Received in Investment	5,865,247,180	4,675,906,233
Dividend Received	36,868,613	8,242,768
Rent Income Received	-	-
Interest Received in Loans & Advances	821,213,973	365,166,606
Other Indirect Income/(Expenses)	59,071,918	11,535,059
Total Cash Flow From Investing Activities [2]	(6,908,138,324)	(4,714,367,123)
Cash Flow From Financing Activities		
Equity Contribution	_	
Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Loans	-	
Increase/(Decrease) in Short Term Loans	-	-
Payment of Finance Lease	-	
Payment of Interest	-	-
Payment of Dividend	-	-
Payment of Dividend Distribution Tax	-	(19,018,423)
Total Cash Flow From Financing Activities [3]	-	(19,018,423)
Net Increase/(Decrease) In Cash & Cash Equivalents [1+2+3]	(255,820,036)	93,683,797
Cash & Cash Equivalents At Beginning of The Year/Period	800,652,000	706,968,203
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	
Cash & Cash Equivalents At End of The Year/Period	544,831,964	800,652,000
Components of Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Cash In Hand	_	
Cheques In Hand	-	
Term Deposit with Banks (with initial maturity upto 3 months)	-	
Balance With Banks	544,831,964	800,652,000
		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

#### Notes:

#### a) Segmental Information for the quarter ended Ashad 31, 2081 (July 15, 2024)

Segment information is presented in respect of the Company's business segments. Management of the Company has identified portfolio as business segment and the Company's internal reporting structure is also based on portfolio. Performance is measured based on segment profit as management believes that it is most relevant in evaluating the results of segment relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

The Company operates predominantly in Nepal and accordingly, the Management of the Company is of the view that the financial information by geographical segments of the Company's operation is not necessary to be presented.

Particulars	Endowment	Anticipated Endowment	Endowment Cum Whole Life	Without Profit Endowment	Whole Life	Foreign Employment Term	Other Term	Special Term	Others (to be Specified)	Inter Segment Elimination	Total
Income:											
Gross Earned Premiums	8,628,995,833	6,814,181,475	1,104,339,239	43,658,901	1	-	16,058,582	-	-	-	16,607,234,029
Premiums Ceded	(215,615,468)	(171,434,997)	(26,930,222)	(962,752)	ı	=	(240,960)	ı	-	-	(415,184,399)
Inter-Segment Revenue	-	-	-		1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Earned Premiums	8,413,380,365	6,642,746,478	1,077,409,017	42,696,149	-	-	15,817,621	•	-	-	16,192,049,630
Commission Income	-	-		-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Income from Investments and Loans	3,634,890,613	1,250,958,350	667,942,716	21,246,923	ı	14,817,386	1,621,197	ī	-	-	5,591,477,184
Net Gains/ (Losses) on Fair Value Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Net Realised Gains/ (Losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Other Income	42,141,669	30,714,494	8,420,096	29,548	-	-	427,995	-	-	-	81,733,802
Total Segmental Income	12,090,412,647	7,924,419,322	1,753,771,829	63,972,619	-	14,817,386	17,866,813	-	-	-	21,865,260,616
Expenses:											
Gross Benefits and Claims Paid	1,803,010,057	3,923,715,379	232,663,785	6,804,107	-	22,920,470	4,931,472	-	-	-	5,994,045,270
Claims Ceded	(129,205,785)	-	-	-	-	(9,962,094)	-	-	-	-	(139,167,879)
Gross Change in Contract Liabilities	8,738,636,296	2,837,554,301	1,335,352,517	46,511,858	-	(4,212,990)	8,734,545	-	-	-	12,962,576,527
Change in Contract Liabities Ceded to Reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Benefits and Claims Paid	10,412,440,567	6,761,269,681	1,568,016,302	53,315,964	•	8,745,386	13,666,018	ı	-	-	18,817,453,918
Commission Expenses	755,823,181	536,483,674	89,546,519	2,979,574	-	-	612,477	-	-	-	1,385,445,425
Service Fees	63,100,352	49,821,743	8,080,568	320,221	-	-	118,632	-	-	-	121,441,515
Employee Benefits Expenses	378,854,091	302,131,477	48,835,030	1,954,638	1	=	742,182	-	-	-	732,517,418
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	21,728,933	17,328,557	2,800,902	112,107	-	-	42,567	-	-	-	42,013,065
Impairment Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Expenses	384,307,501	209,203,183	33,249,349	6,405,705	-	-	2,422,177	-	-	-	635,587,915
Finance Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Segmental Expenses	12,016,254,625	7,876,238,314	1,750,528,669	65,088,209	-	8,745,386	17,604,053	-	-	-	21,734,459,257
Total Segmental Results	74,158,021	48,181,008	3,243,160	(1,115,590)	-	6,072,000	262,760	-	-	-	130,801,359

# Himalayan Life Insurance Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Quarter Ended Ashad 31, 2081 (July 15, 2024)

#### 1. General Information

Himalayan Life Insurance Limited (herein after referred to as the 'Company') was established through the merger of three former life insurance companies: PrimeLife Insurance Company Limited, Gurans Life Insurance Company Limited and Union Life Insurance Company Limited. The requisite approvals for the merger of these three companies were successfully secured from the Nepal Insurance Authority on April 26, 2023, the Nepal Securities Board on May 3, 2023 and the Office of the Company Registrar on May 3, 2023. Commencing its unified business operation under the banner "Himalayan Life Insurance Limited" on May 9, 2023.

The registered office of the Company is located at Hattisar, Kathmandu. The Company's shares are listed on Nepal Stock Exchange Ltd.

# 2. Basis of Preparation

# a. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) issued by the Nepal Accounting Standards Board (ASB), as per the provisions of The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal Act, 1997. These confirm, in material respect, to NFRS as issued by the Nepal Accounting Standards Board. The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The term NFRS, includes all the standards and the related interpretations which are consistently used.

#### b. Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following Assets & Liabilities which have been measured at Fair Value amount:

- i. Certain Financial Assets & Liabilities which are required to be measured at fair value
- ii. Defined Employee Benefits
- iii. Insurance Contract Liabilities which are required to be determined using actuarial valuation for Liability Adequacy Test (LAT).

Historical cost is generally Fair Value of the consideration given in exchange for goods & services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

In addition, for Financial Reporting purposes, Fair Value measurements are categorized into Level 1, or 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the Fair Value measurements are observable & the significance of the inputs to the Fair Value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical Assets or Liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the Asset or Liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs for the Asset or Liability.

#### c. Use of Estimates

The preparation of these Financial Statements in conformity with NFRS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the reported balances of Assets & Liabilities, disclosures relating to Contingent Liabilities as at the date of the Financial Statements and the reported amounts of Income & Expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Changes in estimates are reflected in the Financial Statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the Notes to the financial statements.

#### d. Functional and Presentation Currency

These Financial Statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees (NPR) which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in NPR has been rounded to the nearest rupee except where indicated otherwise.

#### e. Going Concern

The Financial Statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The Board of Directors have considered a wide range of information relating to present and future conditions, including future projections of profitability, cash flows and capital resources while assessing the going concern basis. Furthermore, Board is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon Company's ability

to continue as a going concern and they do not intend either to liquidate or to cease operations of it.

# f. Changes in Accounting Policies

Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices applied by the Company in preparing and presenting financial statements. The Company is permitted to change an accounting policy only if the change is required by a standard or interpretation; or results in the Financial Statements providing reliable and more relevant information about the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the entity's financial position, financial performance, or cash flows.

# g. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting standards issued and effective: NFRS 2018-other than NFRS 17, and NAS-29

Accounting standards issued and non-effective:

NFRS 9, NFRS 14, NFRS 15, NFRS 16, NFRS 17, and NAS-29

# 3. Significant Accounting Policies

This note provides a list of the significant policies adopted in the preparation of these Financial Statements.

# a. Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

#### i. Recognition

Freehold land is carried at historical cost and other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation when, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and it can be used for more than one year and the cost can be measured reliably.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it meets the recognition criteria as mentioned above. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

#### ii. Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment other than Freehold Land i.e. the Company's Freehold Building, Plant & Machinery, Vehicles & Other Assets is provided on "Straight Line Method (SLM)" based on Useful Life estimated by technical expert of the management.

The Assets Useful Life/ Rate of Depreciation and Residual Values are reviewed at the Reporting date and the effect of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

Useful Life of Property, Plant and Equipment based on SLM is categorized as prescribed by the ACB.

#### iii. De-recognition

An item of Property and Equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no Future Economic Benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the Asset. Any Gain or Loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of Property and Equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the Asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

#### iv. Impairment of Assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the Asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets. Assets that suffer an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. In case of such reversal, the carrying amount of the asset is increased so as not to exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had there been no impairment loss.

#### v. Capital Work-In-Progress

These are expenses of capital nature directly incurred in the construction of buildings, major plant and machinery and system development which are to be capitalized. Capital Work in Progress would be transferred to the relevant asset when it is available for use. Capital Work in Progress is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

# b. Intangible Assets

# i. Recognition

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and the related expenditure is reflected in Statement of profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Subsequent expenditure on intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

#### ii. Amortization

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. An intangible asset shall be regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on an analysis of all of the relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected generate net cash inflow for the entity.

Amortization is recognized in statement of profit or loss on straight line method (SLM) over the estimated useful life of the intangible assets, from the date that it is available for use since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Useful Life of Intangible Assets based on SLM is categorized as stated below:

List of Asset Categories	Useful Life (In Years) for SLM
Software	5 Years or License Period
	whichever is lower

# iii. De-recognition

An Intangible Asset is derecognized when no Future Economic Benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the Asset. Any Gain or Loss arising on the de-

recognition is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the Asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

# iv. Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that Intangible Assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. An impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is

higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

# c. Investment Properties

#### **Cost Model:**

Property that is held for rental income or for capital appreciation or both, is classified as investment property. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including related transaction cost. It is subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the statement of profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to PPE, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If PPE becomes an investment property, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under PPE up to the date of change in use.

# d. Cash & Cash Equivalent

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, Cash & Cash Equivalents includes Cash in Hand, Bank Balances and short term deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

#### e. Financial Assets

# i. Initial Recognition & Measurement

Financial Assets are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the Financial Instrument. The Company determines the classification of its Financial Assets at initial recognition.

When Financial Assets are recognized initially, they are measured at Fair Value, plus, in the case of Financial Assets not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the Financial Asset. Transaction costs of Financial Assets carried at Fair Value through Profit or Loss are expensed in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

# ii. Subsequent Measurement

#### A. Financial Assets at Amortized Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Interest income from these financial assets is measured using effective interest rate method.

# B. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are measured at fair value and changes are taken to statement of other comprehensive income.

# C. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. These financial assets are measured at fair value and changes are taken to statement of profit or loss.

# iii. De-recognition

A Financial Asset is derecognized only when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the Financial Asset. Where the Company has transferred an Asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the Financial Asset. In such cases, the Financial Asset is derecognized. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the Financial Asset, the Financial Asset is not derecognized. Where the Company retains control of the Financial Asset, the Asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the Financial Asset.

#### iv. Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred since the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

#### f. Financial Liabilities

#### i. Initial Recognition & Measurement

Financial Liabilities are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the Financial Instrument. The Company determines the classification of its Financial Liabilities at initial recognition.

All Financial Liabilities are recognized initially at Fair Value, plus, in the case of Financial Liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the issue of the Financial Liability.

#### ii. Subsequent Measurement

After initial recognition, Financial Liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Method.

For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the date of Statement of Financial Position, the carrying amounts approximate Fair value due to short maturity of these instruments.

# iii. De-recognition

A Financial Liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing Financial Liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

#### g. Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position where there is legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

#### h. Reinsurance Assets

Reinsurance assets are the assets which are created against insurance contract liabilities of the amount which are recoverable from the reinsurers. These assets are created for the Reinsurer's share of Insurance Contract Liabilities.

A reinsurance asset is impaired if there is objective evidence, as a result of an event that occurred after the initial recognition of the reinsurance asset, that the Company may not receive all amounts due to it under the terms of the contract, and the event has a reliably measurable impact on the amount that the company will receive from

the re-insurer. If a reinsurance asset is impaired, the company reduces the carrying amount accordingly and is recognized in statement of profit or loss.

#### i. Equity

Financial Instruments issued by the Company are classified as Equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a Financial Liability or Financial Asset.

#### j. Reserves and Funds

#### i. Share Premium

If the Company issues share capital at premium it receives extra amount other than share capital such amount is transferred to share premium. The amount in share premium is allowed for distribution of bonus shares.

# ii. Catastrophe Reserves

The Company has allocated catastrophe reserve for the amount which is 10% of the distributable profit for the year as per Regulator's Directive.

#### iii. Fair Value Reserves

The Company has policy of creating fair value reserve equal to the amount of Fair Value Gain recognized in statement of other comprehensive income as per regulator's directive.

#### iv. Regulatory Reserve

Reserve created out of net profit in line with different circulars issued by Insurance Board.

#### v. Actuarial Reserves

Reserve against actuarial gain or loss on present value of defined benefit obligation resulting from, experience adjustments (the effects of differences between the previous actuarial assumptions and what has actually occurred); and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions.

#### vi. Cash Flow Hedge Reserves

The exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with all or a component of a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction, and could affect profit or loss. Reserve represent effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognized in other comprehensive income.

# vii. Revaluation Reserves

Reserve created against revaluation gain on property, plant & equipment & intangible assets, other than the reversal of earlier revaluation losses charged to profit or loss.

#### viii. Other Reserves

Reserve other than above reserves, for e.g. deferred tax reserve, others (to be specified) are categorized under other reserves.

#### k. Insurance Contract Liabilities

#### i. Provision for Unearned Premiums

Unearned premiums reserve represents the portion of the premium written in the year but relating to the unexpired term of coverage.

Change in reserve for unearned insurance premium represents the net portion of the gross written premium transferred to the unearned premium reserve during the year to cover the unexpired period of the polices.

# ii. Outstanding Claims Provisions

Outstanding claims provisions are based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the statement of financial position date, whether reported or not, together with related claims handling costs.

# iii. Un-apportioned Surplus

Un-apportioned surpluses where the amount are yet to be allocated or distributed to either policyholders or shareholders by the end of the financial period, and held within the insurance contract liabilities.

# Liability adequacy

At each reporting date, the Company reviews its unexpired risk and a liability adequacy test is performed to determine whether there is any overall excess of expected claims and deferred acquisition costs over unearned premiums. The calculation uses current estimates of future contractual cash flows after taking account of the investment return expected to arise on assets relating to the relevant life insurance technical provisions. If these estimates show that the carrying amount of the unearned premiums is inadequate, the deficiency is recognized in the statement of profit or loss by setting up a provision for liability.

# 1. Employee Benefits

#### i. Short Term Obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts

expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the Statement of Financial Position.

# ii. Post - Employment Benefits

#### - Defined Contribution Plan

The Company pays Provident Fund contributions to publicly administered Provident Funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contribution are recognized as Employee Benefit Expense when they are due.

#### - Defined Benefit Plan

For Defined Benefit Plan, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with Actuarial Valuations being carried out at each Statement of Financial Position. Actuarial Gains & Losses are recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognized immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested and otherwise is amortized on a Straight Line Basis over the average period until the

benefits become vested. The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the Statement of Financial Position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized past service cost, as reduced by the Fair Value of plan Assets (If Any). Any Asset resulting from this calculation is limited to past service cost, plus the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

#### iii. Long Term Employee Benefits

The liabilities for un-availed earned leaves are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. Leave Encashment has been computed using Actuarial Assumptions and these are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the year using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the year that have terms approximating to the terms of assumptions.

#### iv. Termination

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Company before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary retirement in exchange of these benefits. The Company recognizes termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates:

- a) when the Company can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and
- b) when the entity recognizes costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of NAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits.

The termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer in case of voluntary retirement scheme.

# m. Revenue Recognition

#### i. Gross Premium

Gross premiums are recognized as soon as the amount of the premiums can be reliably measured. First premium is recognized from inception date. At the end of the financial year, all due premiums are accounted for to the extent that they can be reliably measured.

#### ii. Unearned Premium Reserve

Unearned premiums are those proportions of premiums written in a year that relate to periods of risk after the reporting date. Unearned premiums are calculated on a pro rata basis. The proportion attributable to subsequent periods is deferred as a provision for unearned premiums.

#### iii. Premiums on Reinsurance Accepted

Premium on reinsurance accepted comprise the total premiums payable for the whole cover provided by contracts entered into the period and are recognized on the date on which the policy incepts. Premiums include any adjustments arising in the accounting period in respect of reinsurance contracts incepting in prior accounting periods. Unearned reinsurance premiums are those proportions of premiums written in a year that relate to periods of risk after the reporting date.

Reinsurance premiums and claims on the face of the statement of profit or loss have been presented as negative items within premiums and net benefits and claims, respectively, because this is consistent with how the business is managed.

#### iv. Commission Income

Commission Income is recognized on accrual basis. If the income is for future periods, then they are deferred and recognized over those future periods.

#### v. Investment Income

Interest income is recognized in the statement of profit or loss as it accrues and is calculated by using the EIR method. Fees and commissions that are an integral part

of the effective yield of the financial asset are recognized as an adjustment to the EIR of the instrument.

Investment income also includes dividends when the right to receive payment is established.

#### vi. Net Realized Gains and Losses

Net realized gains and losses recorded in the statement of profit or loss include gains and losses on financial assets and properties. Gains and losses on the sale of investments are calculated as the difference between net sales proceeds and the original or amortized cost and are recorded on occurrence of the sale transaction.

# n. Benefit, Claims & Expenses

#### i. Gross Benefits and Claims

Benefits and claims includes the cost of all claims arising during the year, including external claims handling costs that are directly related to processing and settlements of claims. Benefits and claims that are incurred during the financial year are recognized when a claimable event occurs and/or the insurer is notified. Death, surrender and other benefits without due dates are treated as claims payable, on the date of receipt of intimation of death of the assured or occurrence of contingency covered.

#### ii. Reinsurance Claims

Reinsurance claims are recognized when the related gross insurance claim is recognized according to the terms of the relevant contracts.

#### o. Product Classification

Insurance contracts are those contracts when the Company (the insurer) has accepted significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholders) by agreeing to compensate the policyholders if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholders. As a general guideline, the Company determines whether it has significant insurance risk by comparing

benefits paid with benefits payable if the insured event did not occur. Insurance contracts can also transfer financial risk.

The Company has following portfolios under which it operates its business:

#### i. Endowment

This is a with profit plan that makes provisions for the family of the Life Assured in event of his/her early death and also assures a lump sum at a desired age on maturity. It costs moderate premiums, has high liquidity and in savings oriented. This plan is appropriate for people of all ages and social groups who wish to protect their families from a financial setback that may occur owing to their demise.

# ii. Anticipated

This scheme provides for specific periodic payments of partial survival benefits during the term of the policy itself so long as the policy holder is alive. It is therefore suitable to meet specified financial requirements needed for occasions like Brata bandha, Academic Graduations etc. An important feature of plan is that in the event of death at any time within the policy term, the death claim comprises full sum

assured without deducting any of the survival benefit amounts, which have already been paid. It is also with profit plan.

# iii. Endowment Cum Whole Life

This plan is a combination of Endowment Assurance and Whole Life with profit plan. It provides financial protection against death throughout the lifetime of the life assured with the provision of payment of a lump sum at the maturity of the policy to the assured in case of his survival.

#### iv. Whole Life

Whole Life is a type of life insurance contract that provides insurance coverage of the contract holder for his or her entire life. Upon the inevitable death of the contract holder, the insurance payout is made to the contract's beneficiaries. These policies also include a savings component, which accumulates a cash value. This cash value is one of the key elements of whole life insurance.

#### v. Foreign Employment Term

The main objective of foreign employment term is providing insurance for financial assistance if there is death or elimination of any insured due to work or staying abroad.

#### vi. Other Term

Term life insurance, also known as pure life insurance, is life insurance that guarantees payment of a stated death benefit during a specified term. Once the term expires, the policyholder can renew it for another term, convert the policy to permanent coverage, or allow the policy to terminate.

# vii. Special Term

Special Term insurance is a modified version of term insurance with added benefits.

#### viii. Others to be Specified

Life insurance policies other than above mentioned products are classified as others.

#### p. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

# q. Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flows are reported using the direct method, whereby major classes of cash receipts and cash payments are disclosed as cash flows.

#### r. Leases

#### **Finance Lease**

Leases in which the Company has substantial portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as Finance Leases. Assets acquired under Finance Leases are capitalized at the lower of the Fair Value of the Leased Assets at the inception of the Lease Term & the Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments. Lease Payments are apportioned between the Finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The Finance Charge is allocated to periods during the Lease Term at a constant periodic Rate of Interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

# **Operating Lease**

Leases in which the Company doesn't have substantial portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as Operating Leases. Payment made under Operating Leases are charged to Statement of Profit & Loss on a Straight Line Basis.

#### s. Income Taxes

Income Tax Expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable & Deferred Tax.

#### i. Current Tax

Current Tax Expenses are accounted in the same period to which the revenue and expenses relate. Provision for Current Income Tax is made for the Tax Liability payable on Taxable Income after considering tax allowances, deductions and exemptions determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the prevailing tax laws.

#### ii. Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of Assets & Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position and their tax bases.

Deferred Tax Assets & Liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of Assets & Liabilities and their carrying amount in Financial Statements, except when the Deferred Tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an Asset or Liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable Profits or Loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred Tax Assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible Temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred Tax Liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable Temporary differences.

The carrying amount of Deferred Tax Assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the Deferred Tax Asset to be utilized.

#### t. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

#### i. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting

period. The discount rate to determine the present value is a Pre-Tax Rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Provisions for Contingent Liability are recognized in the books as a matter of abundant precaution and conservative approach based on management's best estimate. However, Management believes that chances of these matters going against the company are remote and there will not be any probable cash outflow.

# ii. Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liabilities are recognized only when there is a possible obligation arising from past events due to occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made. Obligations are assessed on an ongoing basis and only those having a largely probable outflow of resources are provided for.

# iii. Contingent Assets

Contingent assets where it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company are not recognized but disclosed in the Financial Statements.

# u. Functional Currency & Foreign Currency Transactions

The Financial Statements of the Company are presented in Nepalese Rupees, which is the Company's Functional Currency. In preparing the Financial Statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the Company's Functional Currency i.e. Foreign Currencies are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

#### v. Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the company by the Weighted Average Number of equity shares outstanding during the Financial Year.

For diluted earnings per share, the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue is adjusted to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

# w. Operating Segment

Operating Segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) as defined by NFRS 8, "Operating Segment".

Company's Income & Expenses including interest are considered as part of unallocable Income & Expenses which are not identifiable to any business segment. Company's Asset & Liabilities are considered as part of un-allocable Assets & Liabilities which are not identifiable to any business.

# 4. Related Party Disclosure

# a. Identify Related Parties:

During the reporting period, the company identified following related parties:

Holding Company: Not Applicable Subsidiaries: Not Applicable Associates: Not Applicable

Fellow Subsidiaries:

# Key Management Personnel:

Mr. Sulav Agrawal	Chairperson
Mr. Saurabh Dugar	Director
Mr. Rajeeb Prasad Pyakurel	Director
Ms. Pramila K.C.	Director
Mr. Sachin Acharya	Director
Mr. Digambar Jha	Director
Manoj Kumar Lal Karn	CEO